

first aid for every China Policy text

China Policy style is designed for clean and simple online presentation. We aim for as few marks on the page as possible. We drop some established rules, particularly punctuation and capitalisation. And like all systems, we have a few exceptions.

- 1 *titles and subtitles*: lowercase, unless a proper noun
- 2 *dates*: number before month: 12 Dec 2015 or 12 dec 2015 or 12 December 2015; never December 12, 2015 never add -st, -th, or -rd
- 3 *numbers and currency*: write out up to and including ten, but numerals for 11 and up; C¥5,000 not RMB or CNY
- 4 *spaces*: always single, no double spaces after full stop or colon
- 5 *bullet points*: do not introduce bullet points with a colon, or finish individual points with a semicolon or full stop
- 6 *quotes*: single ('like this'); double quotes inside single quotes ('like "this"')
- 7 *Chinese names*: always followed by characters, Xi Jinping 习近平, in the first instance
- 8 *affiliations*: largest to smallest with no comma between them e.g. NDRC Price Supervision and Anti-Monopoly Bureau
- 9 *13th 5-year plan*: never 13th five year plan, or 13th five-year plan, or 13th 5 year plan, or 13th FYP
- 10 *exceptions*: percent (one word) not %; 'and' not &, except R&D and M&A

we use Australian spelling—similar to UK, with a few exceptions

-ize = -ise	programme = program
-ization = -isation	license (v) licence (n)
-er = -re	defense = defence
-or = -our	judgment = judgement
-og = -ogue	sulfur = sulphur

governance and law research manager exercise

To be considered for this position, please complete the following four exercises in English, referring to the style guide above. Close attention to style at the drafting stage is important for our editorial process.

1. What are the policy issues in governance and law in China?
2. For one of the commentaries below
 - write a concise paragraph or two that convey its main points and the perspective of the writer
 - select a quote (up to three sentences) that you feel is distinctive in conveying the message of the text, and translate it into idiomatic English
 - find two texts from mainland Chinese sources on similar issues; copy the texts or the URLs and justify your choices in a few sentences

criteria for anti-Party slander released on WeChat

<https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/-CE2Br2qV5i66Zdk9JlIAw>

or

time to review M&As by VIE-structure internet companies

http://www.thepaper.cn/newsDetail_forward_1646889

- 3.. Give a list of mainland China sources where you would expect to find policy updates and informative commentary related to governance and law issues. Briefly explain your choices.

4. Please rewrite the following article summary in clear English. Ensure style is consistent with cp.style first aid. A link to the Chinese original is provided for fact-checking. Please add a succinct title.

Original article: http://www.thepaper.cn/newsDetail_forward_1616395

Australia's most rational foreign policy strategy is to 'respect China's core interests and red lines, and promote economic and cultural interaction', advises Yu Chansen 喻常森 Sun Yatsen University Center for Oceania Studies executive deputy director, bashing the aforementioned assertion on extensive discussions with not only Australian scholars but also officials. From an overall perspective, China should prepare for when Trump's foreign policy stabilises and Australia again wants to realign with the US, argues Yu. From an overall perspective, argues Yu, they should do this by

- understanding the need for promoting Australia's security concerns
- side-stepping ideological differences
- treating China-Australian relations as a 'community of shared interest'

Trump's 'America first' suggests the USA may shirk responsibilities towards allies, and rethink its 'Asia-Pacific rebalancing' strategy, argues Yu, noting that Australia responds by reconsidering its pro-US stance and gradually warming up to China. Australia has been relying on the US economy for economic growth and on China for security. Going forward, Yu says Australia leaders realise that harming relations with China will hurt the economy, and weakening ties with the US would overturn post war foreign policy and discomfort everyone. So they tread carefully, but in the direction of China's, argued Yu, highlighting that

- president Trump invited China to join TPP as soon as Trump stopped talks
- Australia has expressed support of the Pan Pacific trade agreements China promotes
- Australia joined AAIB
- Australian foreign minister Julie Bishop praised China-Australian relations at visit of Wang Ya 王毅 Ministry of Financial Affairs minister, calling for
 - deepening collaboration in trade, innovation, capacity collaboration, energy cooperation and cultural linkages
 - expediting docking 'opening up South Australia' with Road and Belt
 - taking the strategic partnership to a new levels

Before submitting your application, check again that it conforms to our style.